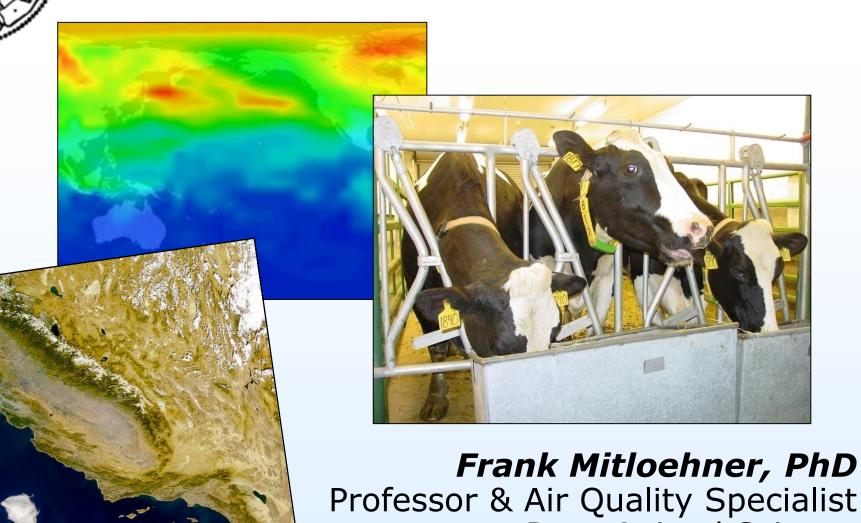


Climate-Smart Dairy: Global- and State Perspectives



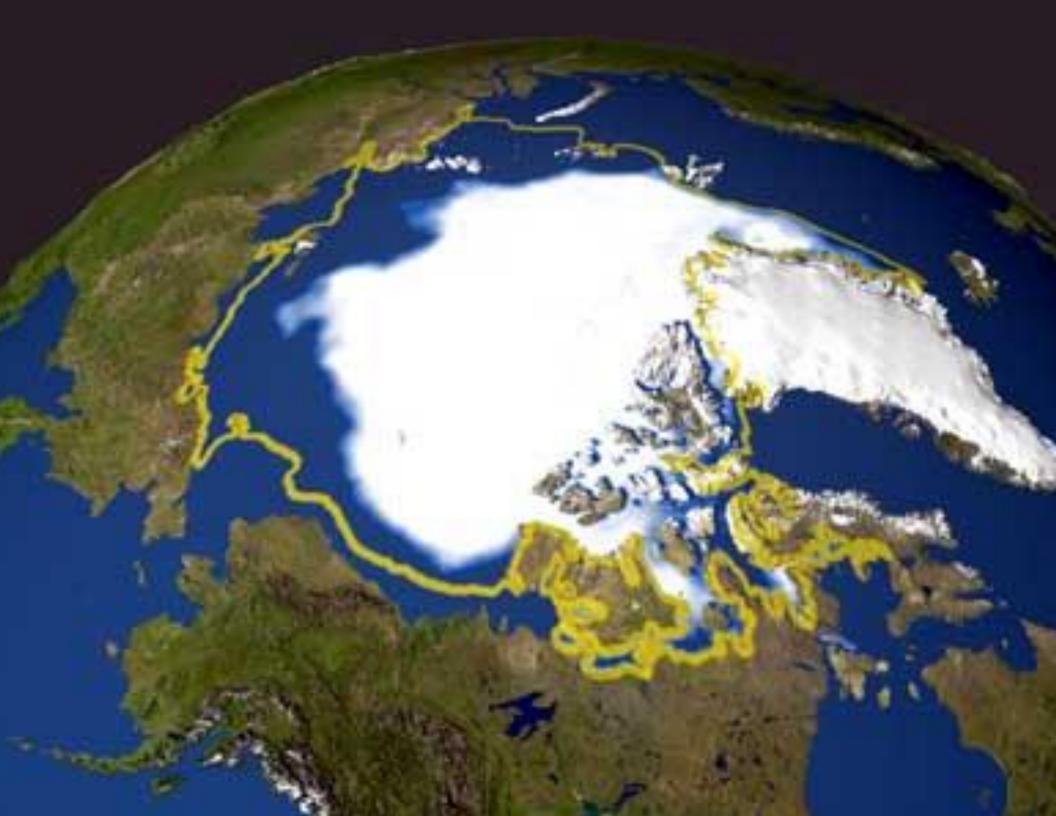
Professor & Air Quality Specialist
Dept Animal Science
University of California, Davis

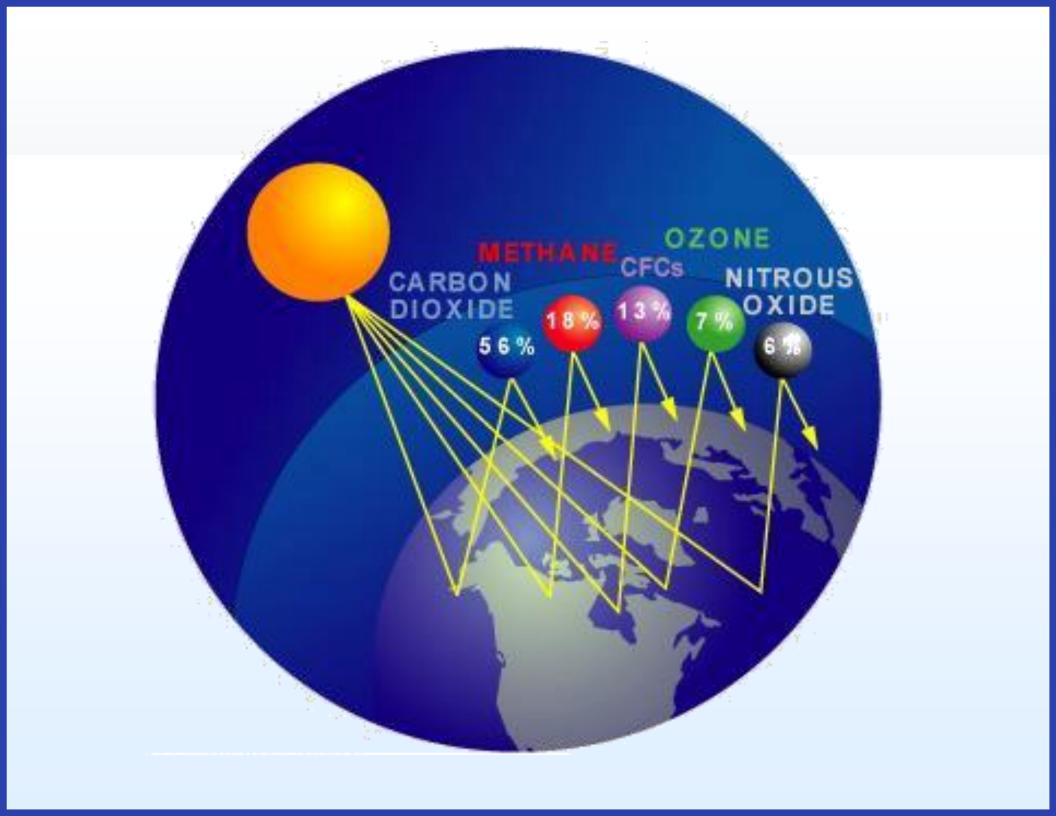
Follow me on Twitter







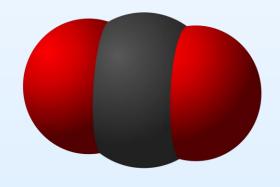


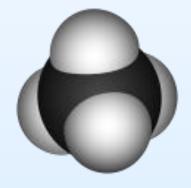


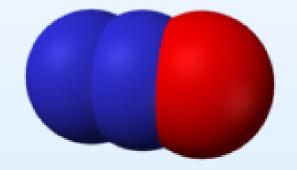
GHG & GWP

Global Warming Potential (GWP) of Main GHG

- Carbon Dioxide, CO₂
- Methane, CH₄28
- Nitrous Oxide, N₂O
 298





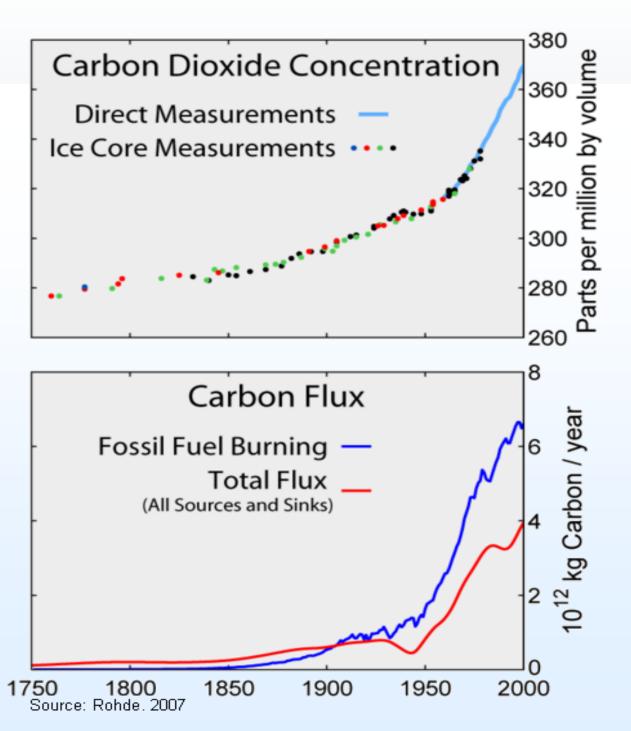


CO2 – Carbon Dioxide

CH4 - Methane

N2O - Nitrous Oxide

Carbon Dioxide and Carbon Flux

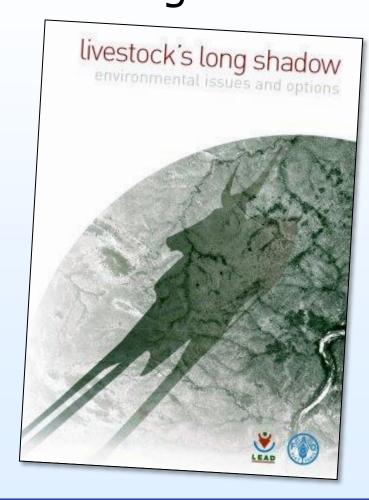


Facts or Fiction on Livestock and Climate Change

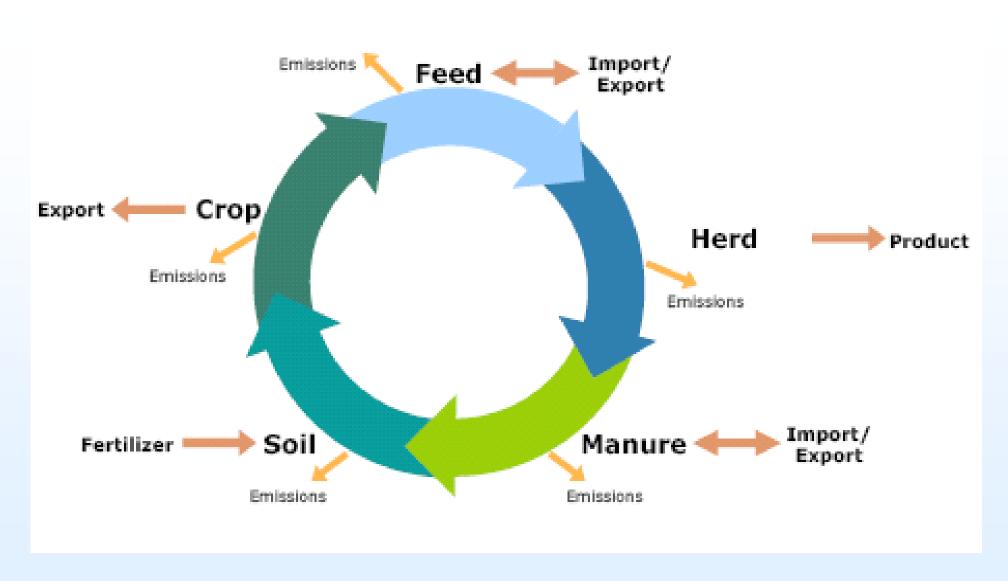
- Livestock produces 18% of all anthropogenic GHG globally
- Livestock produces more GHG than transportation
- Livestock occupies 70% of all agricultural land globally
- Grazing systems produce less GHG than conventional animal production in confinement systems

"Livestock's Long Shadow" (FAO, 2006)

 "The Livestock sector is a major player, responsible for 18% of GHG emissions measured in CO₂e. This is a higher share than transport"



Life Cycle Assessment



Page last updated at 00:15 GMT, Wednesday, 24 March 2010

UN body to look at meat and climate link

By Richard Black Environment correspondent, BBC News



Livestock's Long Shadow calculated meat-related emissions from field to

UN specialists are to look again at the contribution of meat production to climate change, after claims that an earlier report exaggerated the link.

"I must say honestly that he has a point - we factored in everything for meat emissions, and we didn't do the same thing with transport, we just used the figure from the IPCC."

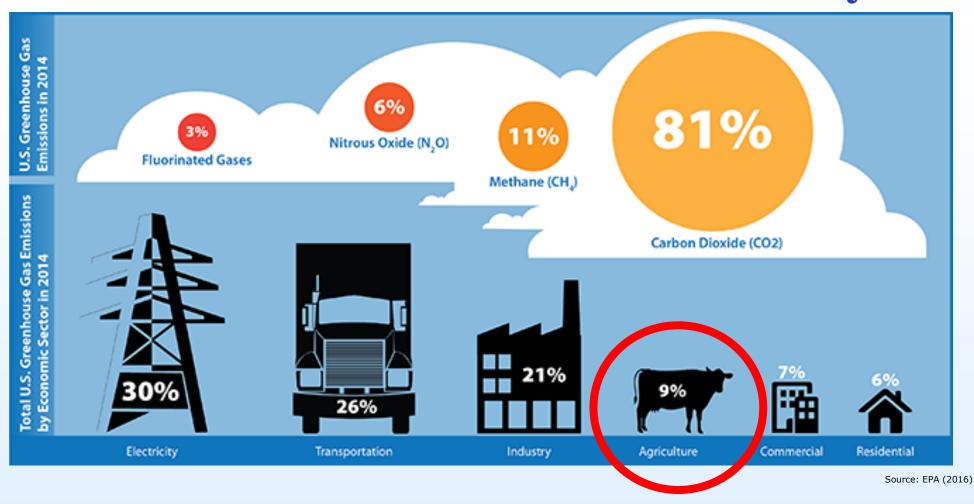
Dr. Pierre Gerber,
LLS contributing author

Livestock Environmental Assessment and Performance Partnership (LEAP)

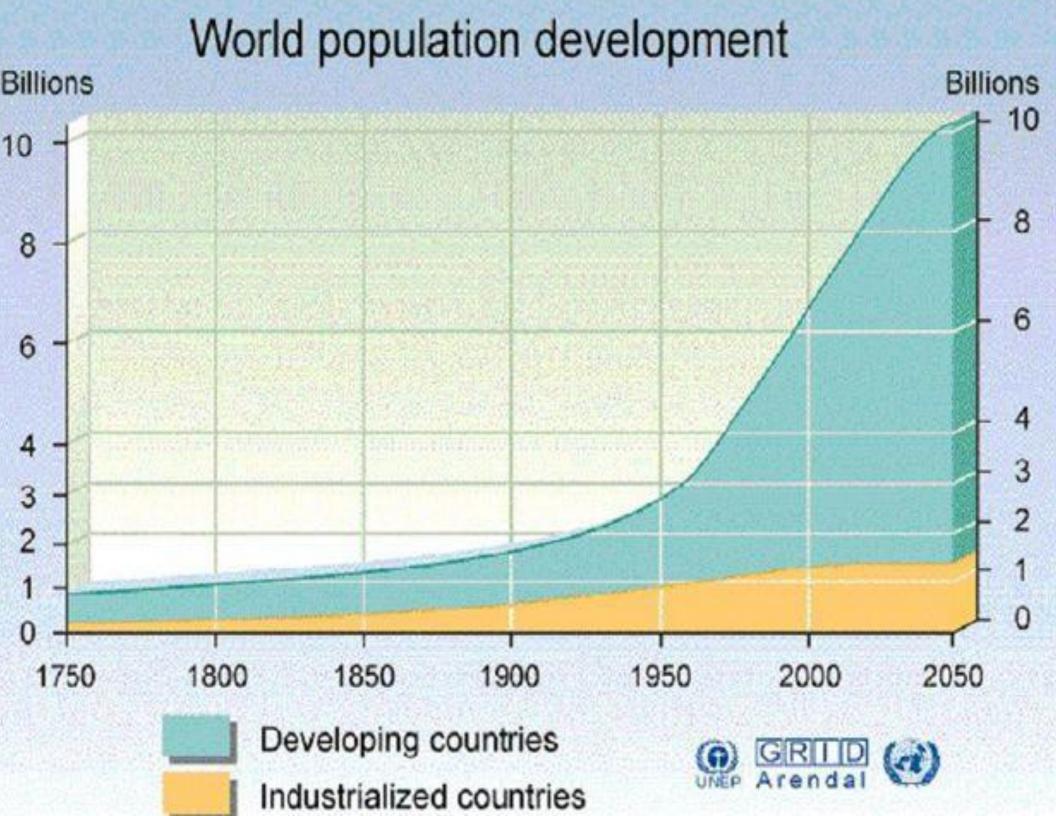


- Internationally agreed sector-level methodologies and guidance to allow
 - transparent,
 - robust,
 - and fair measurement of the environmental performance of livestock supply chains
- FAO / LEAP LCA Guidelines officially released

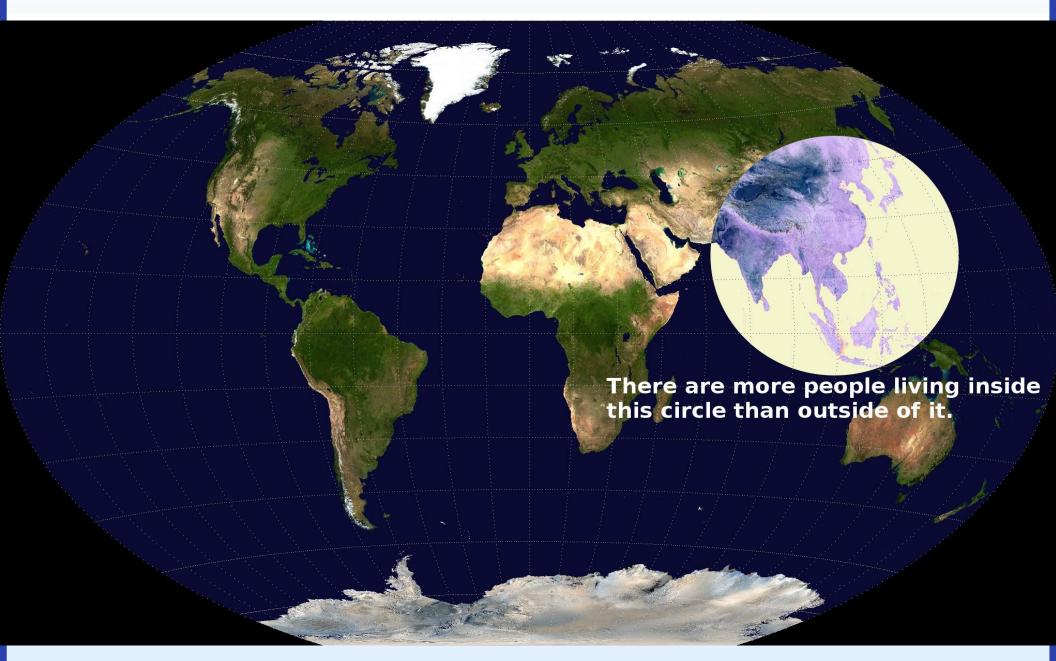
National-Level U.S. GHG Inventory



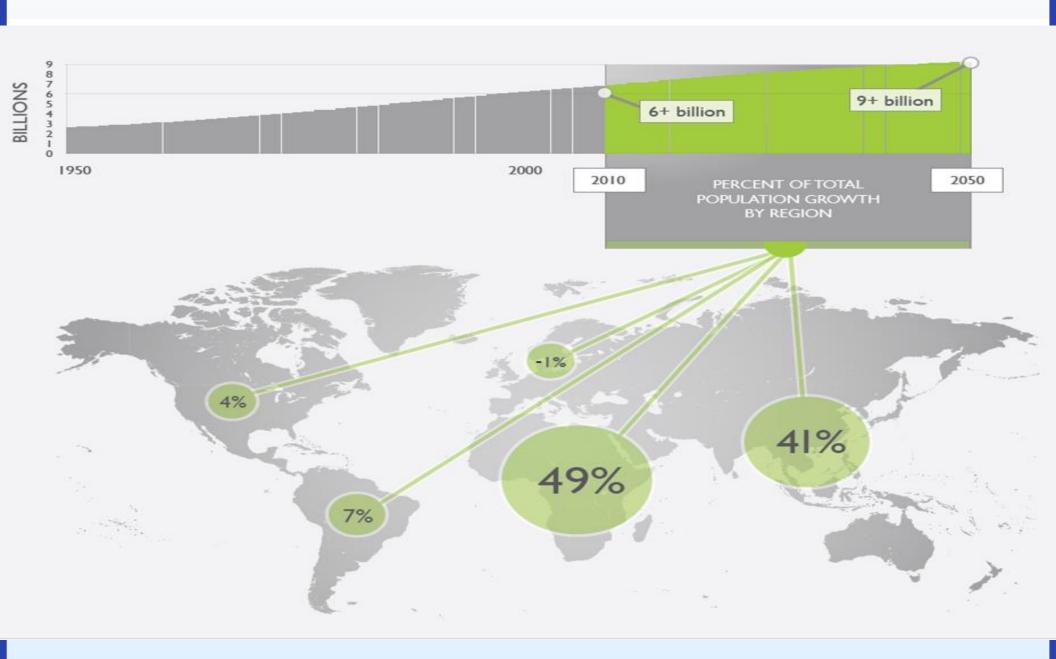




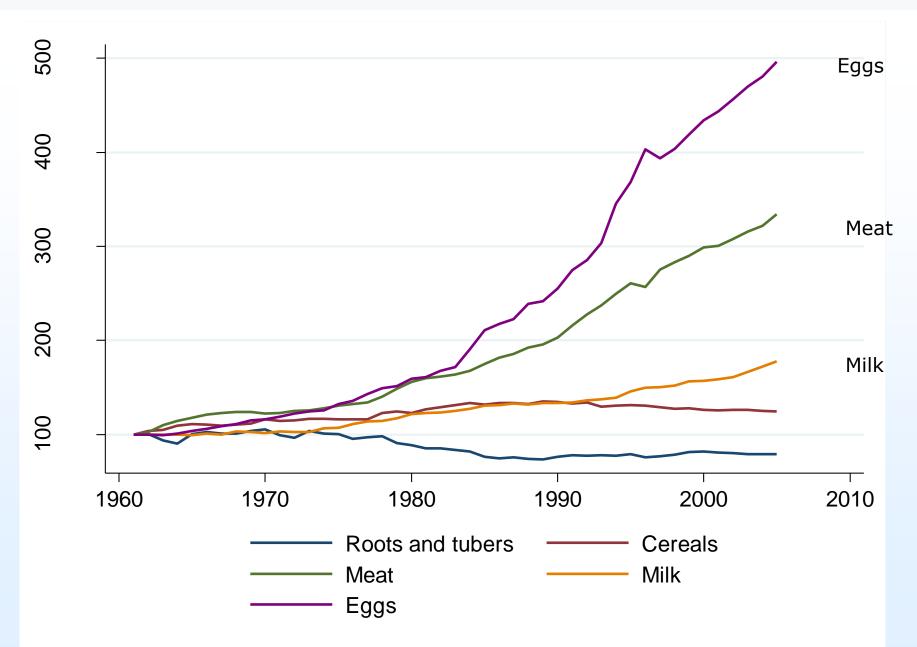
4.5 Billion + population of USA in 10 years



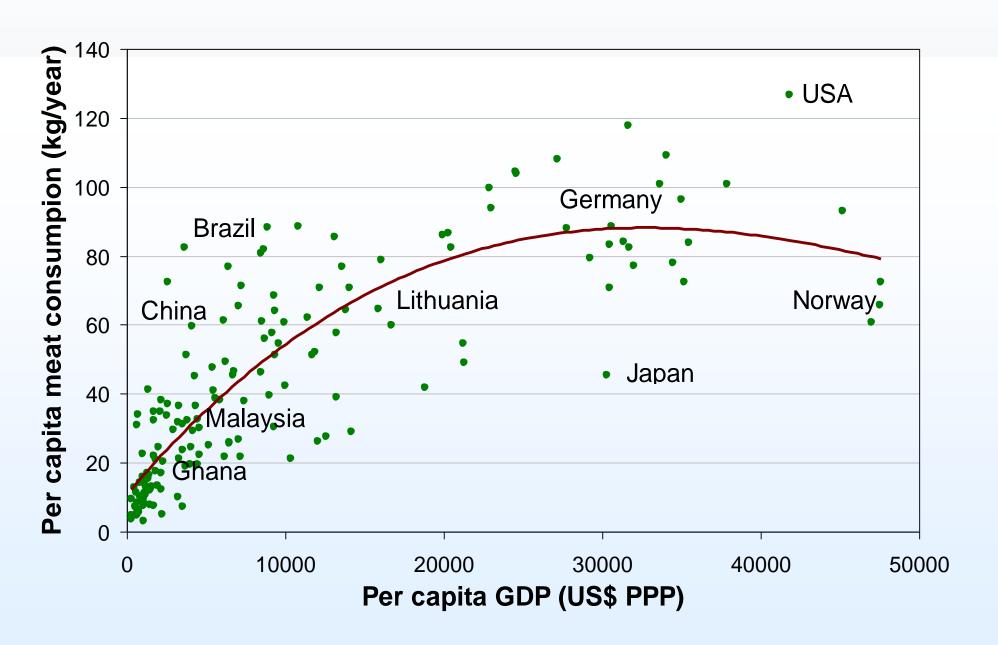
Today and Tomorrow's Markets



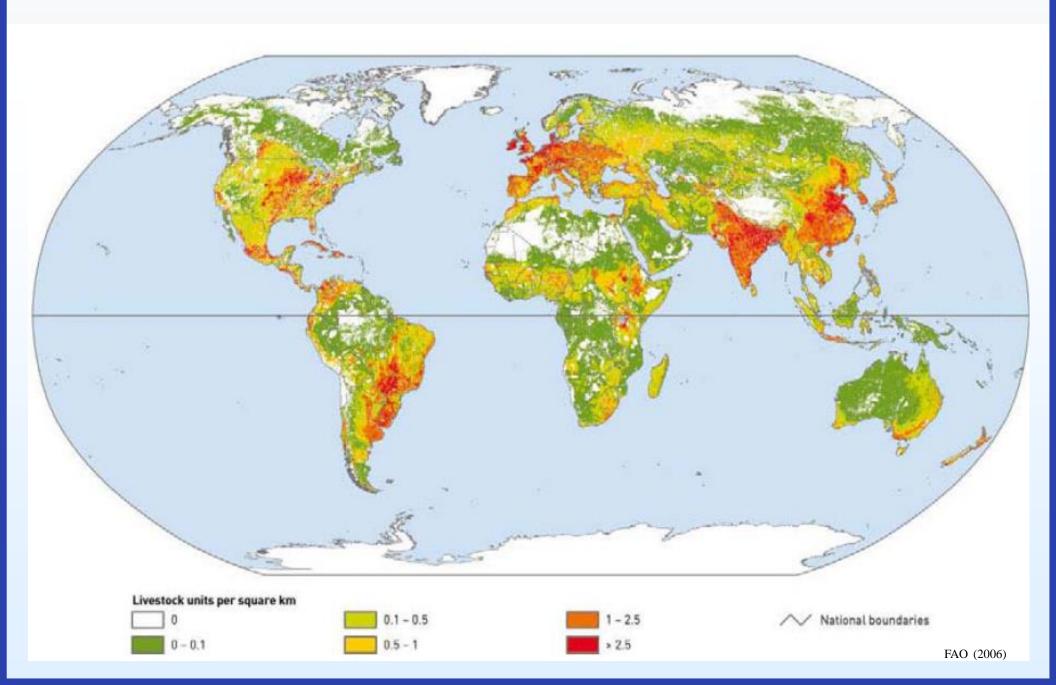
Consumption is growing rapidly in developing countries



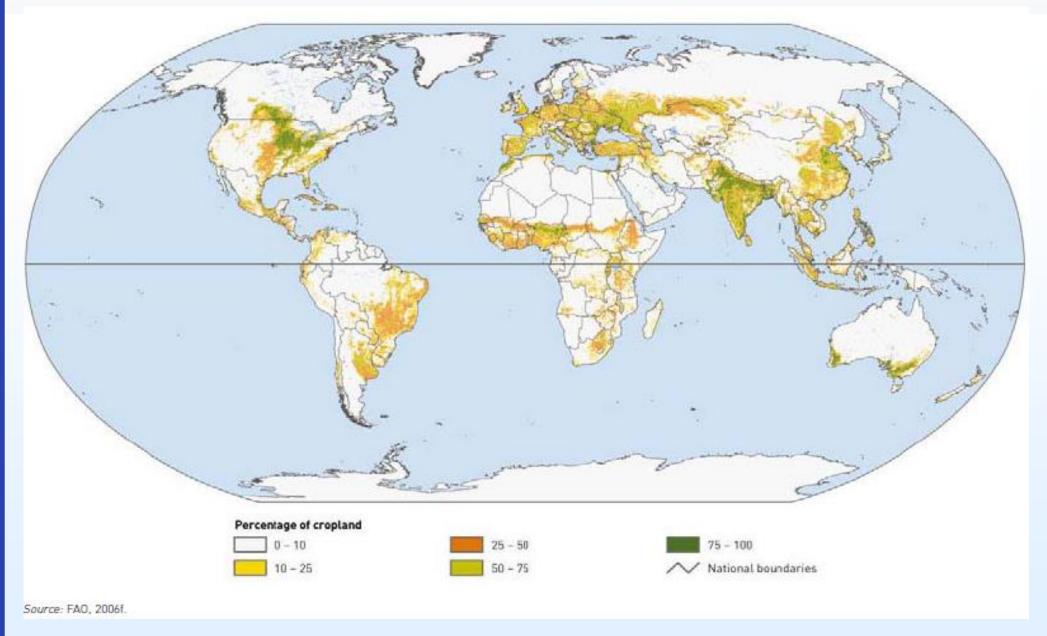
... driven by incomes ...



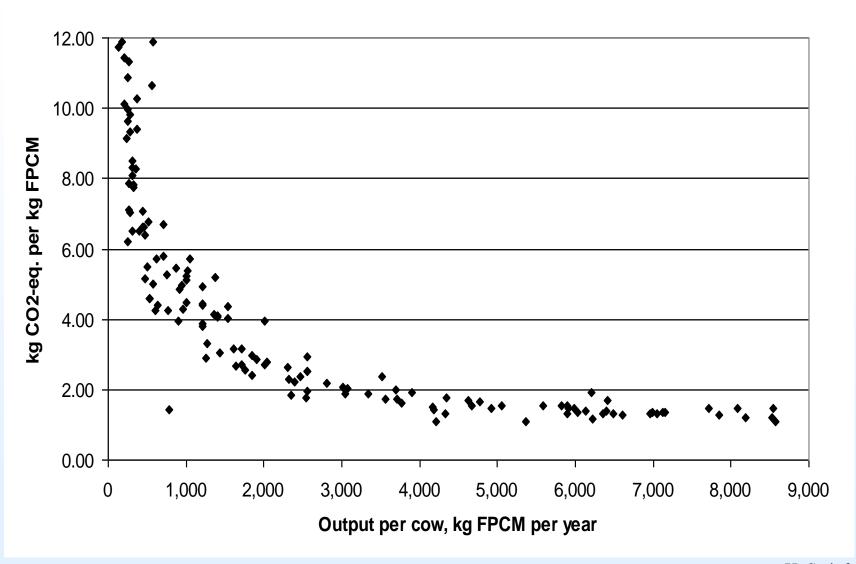
Global livestock distribution



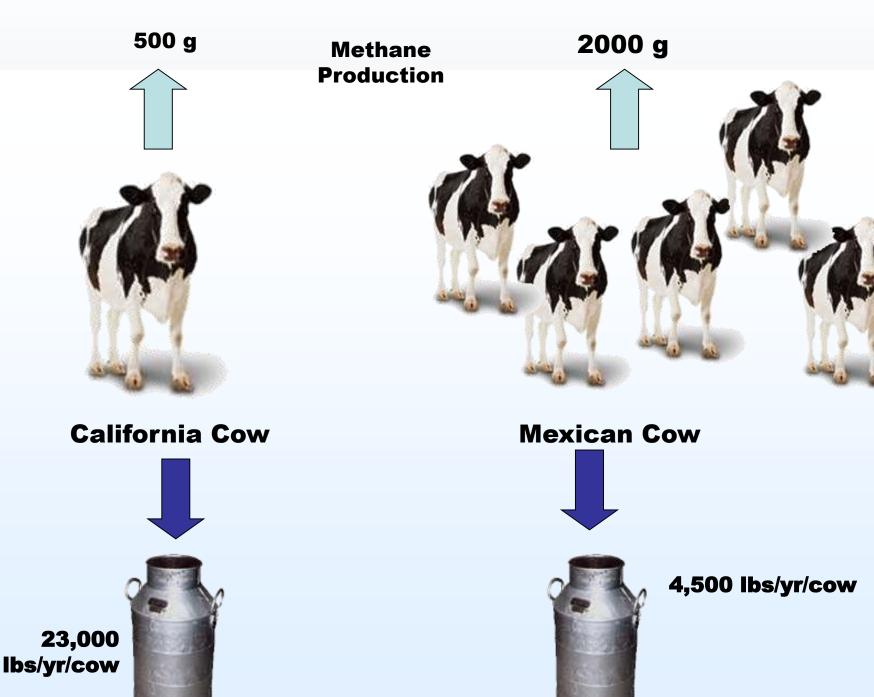
Distribution of cropland

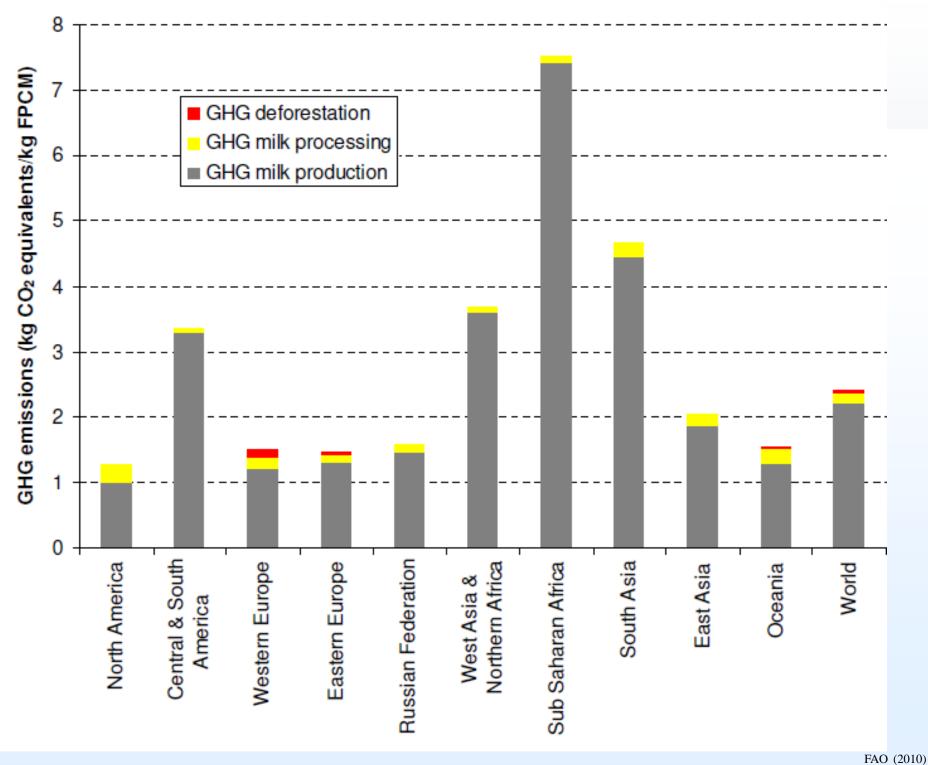


Relationship between total greenhouse gas emissions and milk output per cow

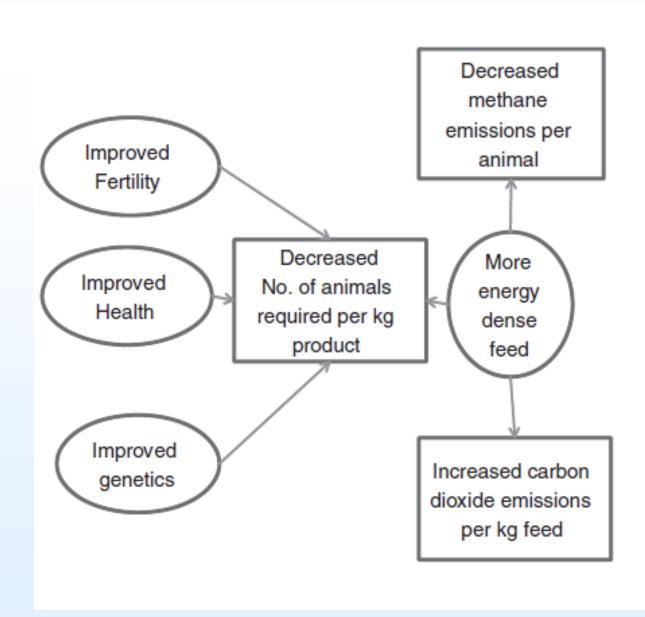


More Milk Produced per Cow – Less Methane & Waste





Mitigation: interventions to improve productivity



Nitrous oxide
emissions depend
on nos. of
animals, feed,
manure
management,
soil & weather

Carbon dioxide
emissions from land use
change associated with
livestock depend on
energy density of feed,
carbon content of soil,
management practices,
weather

US Dairy trends

- In 1950, there were 25 million dairy cows in the US, vs 9 million today
- With 16 million fewer cows (1950 vs 2018), milk production nationally has increased 60 percent
- The carbon footprint of a glass of milk is 2/3 smaller today than it was 70 years ago

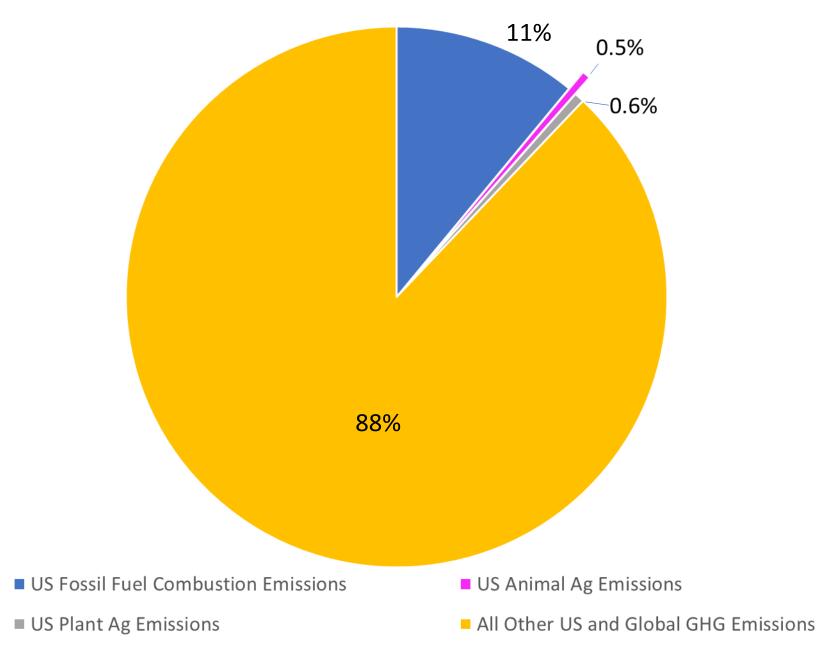
China Swine Example

- China's five year plan focuses on making farms larger and more efficient
- Half of the world's pigs live in China
- 50 million sows w/ 20 piglets born alive
- Equals annual production of 1 Billion pigs
- Pre-weaning mortality causes 400 Million pigs to never make it to the market
- One more pig per sow would mean
 1 Million tons of feed saved

Summary

- Livestock in developing countries contribute to 70-80% of global enteric- and waste emissions (IPCC)
- Reductions of enteric- and manure emissions possible
- Production intensity and emission intensity are inversely related

Global Greenhouse Gas Emissions in 2017 (Total Emissions were 49 Gt of CO₂ Equivalents)



NAEMS

National Air Emission Monitoring Study









Pollutants and Health - Cal DEHRI

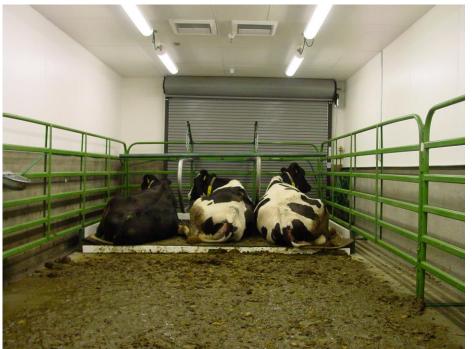
California Dairy Environmental Health Research Initiative



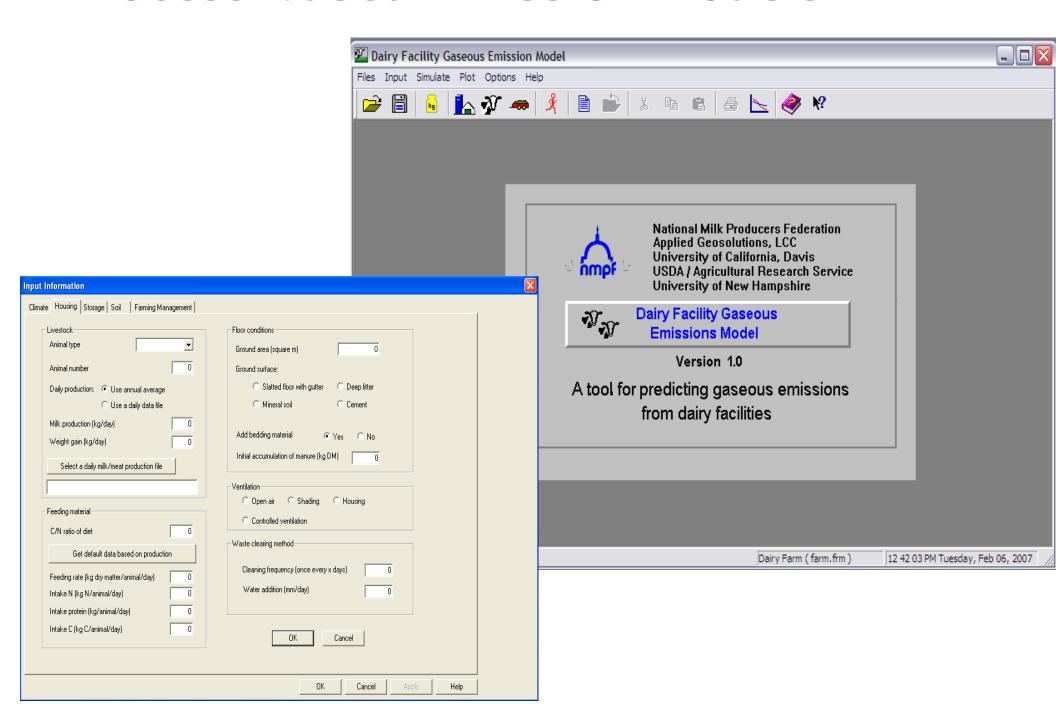








Process-based Emission Models



Methane Enteric Emission Research



Manure Methane Benchmarking Research





